Please Amend Claims 1-12 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) An OFDM receiver characterized in that the OFDM receiver comprises comprising:

<u>at least</u> four antennas or more for receiving to receive an OFDM modulated high frequency signal, and; and

<u>a</u> plurality of OFDM demodulating means for inputting demodulators to each of which a base band signal of a time area thereto based on the basis of the high frequency signal is input and outputting the from each of which a base band signal of a frequency area is output,

wherein the OFDM <u>demodulating means</u> <u>demodulators</u> are arranged <u>every in plural antenna groups, each antenna group containing at least with two <u>or more of</u> the antennas <u>as one group</u>, and</u>

a first phase shifter is arranged on the <u>a</u> former stage side of each of the OFDM demodulating means demodulators, and a second phase shifter is arranged at the <u>a</u> latter stage of another <u>a</u> second OFDM demodulator demodulating means except for that is different from a specific OFDM demodulating means demodulator among the OFDM demodulating means demodulator among the OFDM demodulating means demodulators, and a signal is diversity-synthesized by the first phase shifter until the base band signal of the time area is inputted to each of the OFDM demodulating means demodulators, and the base band signal of the frequency area is diversity-synthesized by the second phase shifter.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 1, wherein the base band signal of the time area based on the high frequency signal <u>is</u> received by a specific antenna in each of the antenna groups, and the base band signal of the time area based on the high frequency signal <u>is</u> received by <u>another a second</u> antenna <u>except for different from</u> the specific antenna are diversity-synthesized by the first phase shifter.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 2, wherein a receiving portion for that frequency-converting converts the high frequency signal to an intermediate frequency signal, and an A/D converter for

that converting converts the intermediate frequency signal to a digital signal and outputting outputs the base band signal of the time area are arranged every for each of the antennas, and the first phase shifter is arranged at the a next stage of the A/D converter corresponding to the another second antenna, and a first adder is arranged between the first phase shifter and the A/D converter corresponding to the specific antenna.

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- 4. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 1, wherein the <u>an</u> intermediate frequency signal based on the high frequency signal received by the <u>a</u> specific antenna in each of the antenna groups, and the <u>an</u> intermediate frequency signal based on the high frequency signal received by <u>another a second</u> antenna <u>except for different from</u> the specific antenna are diversity-synthesized by the first phase shifter.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 4, wherein a receiving portion for that frequency-converting converts the high frequency signal to the intermediate frequency signal is arranged every for each of the antennas, and the first phase shifter is arranged at the anext stage of the receiving portion corresponding to the another second antenna, and a first adder is arranged between the receiving portion corresponding to the specific antenna and the first phase shifter.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 1, wherein the high frequency signal received by the <u>a</u> specific antenna in each of the antenna groups, and the high frequency signal received by another <u>a</u> second antenna except for different from the specific antenna are diversity-synthesized by the first phase shifter.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 6, wherein the first phase shifter is connected to the <u>another_second_antenna</u>, and a first adder is arranged between the specific antenna and the first phase shifter.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 3, wherein-further comprising a power detecting means for detecting detector to detect electric power of the base band signal of the time area, and a phase

control means for controllingcontroller to control phase setting of the first phase shifter so as to maximize the electric power-are arranged.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 5, wherein further comprising a power detecting means for detecting detector to detect electric power of the base band signal of the time area, and a phase control means for controlling controller to control phase setting of the first phase shifter so as to maximize the electric power-are arranged.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 7, whereinfurther comprising a power detecting means for detecting detector to detect electric power of the base band signal of the time area, and a phase control means for controlling controller to control phase setting of the first phase shifter so as to maximize the electric power are arranged.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 1, wherein the second phase shifter is arranged at the anext stage of the another second OFDM demodulating means demodulators, and a second adder is arranged between the specific OFDM demodulating means demodulators and the second phase shifter.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The OFDM receiver according to claim 11, wherein the OFDM receiver further comprises <u>a</u> phase control means for controllingcontroller to control phase setting of the second phase shifter such that the <u>a</u> phase of the base band signal of the frequency area outputted from the second phase shifter is conformed to the <u>a</u> phase of the base band signal of the frequency area outputted from the specific OFDM demodulating means demodulator.